

2016 Ford Mustang V8-5.0L

Vehicle > Technical Service Bulletins

COMPUTER AND CONTROLS - NO NETWORK COMMUNICATION

General Service Bulletin (GSB):

No Network Communication GSB

GSB Overview:

Visual Inspection for Modifications:

When addressing a Module “No Communication” related issue, it is important to perform a visual inspection of the vehicle in various locations. This will help identify potential tampering, modifications, or the presence/use of aftermarket electronic add-ons. Modifications that could affect communication network functionality including:

- Aftermarket remote start system.
- GPS tracking device.
- Idle control device.
- Powertrain monitoring device.
- Performance programmer.
- Insurance data logging device. (Figure 1)



Figure 1 - Insurance data logger connected to the DLC / Gateway module

All aftermarket devices or systems connected to the communication network must be disconnected and the network retested for proper operation.

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Manual Entry Vehicle Session:

When there is no communication with the vehicle and the IDS (Integrated Diagnostic System) is not capable of starting an automated session, a manual entry vehicle session must be started using the PCM Tear Tag number. This will allow the IDS to start a session for the appropriate vehicle and powertrain configuration.

PLEASE NOTE: A manual entry vehicle session will not allow module programming.

Where can I quickly find the PCM Tear Tag number (4 digits)?

- OASIS VIN**
 - Double click on the VIN at the top left corner of the blue PTS banner to display the “Detailed Vehicle Specification” screen.
 - Tear Tag number is displayed along with other vehicle data.
- As-built** section of the OASIS folder tab

2012 F-150
1FTFW1CT4CXXXXXXX

Home Vehicle ID OASIS TSB/SSM

Module Rep

VIN: 1FTFW1CT4CXXXXXXX
Tear Tag: XDZ4
Vehicle Data: 4

OASIS Home
As-Built
SYNC
Trans Strategy
Part Coverage

Detailed Vehicle Specification - 1FTFW1CT4C

Status	Success
Reason	
Exception	
Description	2012 F-150
MasterID	4716
Example VIN	1FTFW1EF8CF
Common Pubs ID	F-150
Oasis Description	2012 F150/LINCOLN MARK LT
Oasis Body Style	DOUBLE CAB (CREW CAB)
Oasis Engine Desc	3.5L V6 Gas DOHC TIVCT
Selling Country	USA
Build / Sell DB Source	NA / NA
Build / Sell Model Year	2012 / 2012
TEARTAG	XDZ4

PTS Tear Tag Screens

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The IDS Network Test:

During the Network Test, the IDS sends a request or “pings” all modules on the network and looks for a response back. Modules that do not respond back are labeled as “FAIL”. Modules that do respond back are then asked to report any DTC’s (U-codes). A module can have no calibration loaded or be considered “blank” and still “PASS” the network test.

Modules reporting a “FAIL” on the Network Test can be due to:

- Network interference from an aftermarket device.
- Vehicle not equipped with that feature (Optional Equipment?)
- No power (B+) and/or ground to the module.
- One or both communication circuits (Bus+/-) open or shorted (together, to power, to ground).
- Internal module hardware failure.
 - This not only can affect one module’s ability to report during the test, but affect multiple modules as well on that communication network.
- A module that “FAILS” can also cause other modules to report no communication DTCs, putting false blame on good modules. **Address Modules that are a “FAIL” first.**

Digital Multimeter
Oscilloscope Tools
Self Test
DataLogger
Module Programming
Network Test

Select Option Helpscreen

U0151 - 20 IC
U0154 - 20 IC
U0100 - 20 LTM
U0100 - 20 OSCM
P1000 - PF PCM
U0100 - 20 RCM
U0100 - 20 SASM

Optional Equipment Modules

Fail - 4 of 4

The Network Test results show that the 4X4 module is a “FAIL”.

The DTC’s listed by the LTM, OSCM, RCM and SASM suggest an inability to communicate with the PCM. However, the PCM is communicating and reporting a P1000.

In this case, the 4X4 module is causing interference with network traffic and should be diagnosed first.

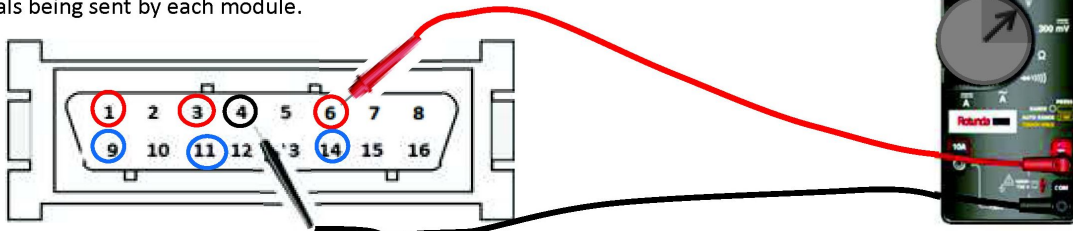
“No Network Communication” GSB – 2006 and newer

Network Voltage Check:

NOTE: The vehicle battery must be connected when checking network voltage.

- Each CAN network has 2 circuits a data bus(+) & data bus(-) circuit.
- Test the circuits with the negative (black) probe in pin 4 (grnd) & the positive (red) probe into one of the data + or data – pins.
- The data + (RED) and data - (BLUE) circuits are each regulated to approximately 2.5 volts during neutral or rested network traffic. As messages are sent on the data (+) circuit, voltage is increased by approximately 1.0 volt. Inversely, the data (-) circuit is reduced by approximately 1.0 volt when a message is sent.
- The data + circuit should see between 2.5v & 3.5v depending on traffic signals being sent by each module.
- The data – circuit should see between 1.5v & 2.5v depending on traffic signals being sent by each module.

DLC Pin		
1	I-CAN (+)	
2	SCP (+)	
3	MS-CAN (+)	UBP
4	Ground	
5	Ground	
6	HS-CAN (+)	
7	ISO	
8	Not Used	
9	I-CAN (-)	
10	SCP (-)	
11	MS-CAN (-)	
12	Not Used	
13	FEPS (FLASH)	
14	HS-CAN (-)	
15	Not Used	
16	Battery (+)	



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Useful Tips

- Disconnecting and reconnecting the battery for ≈5 minutes (hard reset) may resolve a network concern. This should allow any module locked in a particular state to reset and return to normal operation.
- Power, ground and communication circuit integrity are the key items needed to support a module's ability to communicate on the network.
- If disconnecting and reconnecting a specific module resolves or changes the concern, there is likely a connection or circuit issue in that location that requires closer inspection.
- It is possible for a faulty module to create network faults that can place false blame on other modules. **Equipped modules that “FAIL” the network test need to be addressed first.**
- Use section 14-1 of the wiring diagrams as well as the topology map and diagnostics in section 418-00 of the online WSM. This will aid in understanding which networks are affected based on the modules that FAIL and the fault codes that were reported. Carefully follow the appropriate pinpoint steps and document all results.
 - Be sure you understand which modules and CAN Networks the vehicle is equipped with and which modules and CAN Networks it is not equipped with.
- The vehicle battery must be disconnected when checking total network resistance.
- When checking connections, be sure to look for terminal spreading, terminals not locked into the connector cavity and for signs of moisture that could influence intermittent faults.

Information intended to assist in addressing CAN network "No Communication" related issues

NOTE: This information is not intended to replace or supersede any warranty, parts and service policy, Work Shop Manual (WSM) procedures or technical training or wiring diagram information.

